# CORPORATE (Fiscal Year Ended March 31, PRESENTATION 2022) 

 BELLUNABelluna Co., Ltd.
Stock Code : 9997

## 1.Financial Highlights

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## 1. Financial Highlights

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8. Plan for FY March 2023 income, and net income decreased year on year but exceeded the forecasts revised on Jan. 31, 2022.

■ Net sales increased 6.6\% year on year, 1.4\% above the forecast.
■ Operating income decreased 12.1\% year on year, but 2.4\% above the forecast.
■ Ordinary income decreased 13.8\% year on year, but 1.0\% above the forecast.
■ Net income decreased $7.5 \%$ year on year, but $4.1 \%$ above the forecast.

## 1-2. Consolidated Statement of Income

Net sales: Up 6.6\% year on year, $1.4 \%$ above the forecast.
Operating income: -12.1\% year on year, 2.4\% above the forecast Ordinary income and net income also decreased but exceeded the forecasts.

Unit: Billion Yen

| Consolidated | FY March 2021 | FY March 2022 |  |  | FY March 2023 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual | Actual | vs. Plan <br> (revised on Jan. 31) | YoY Change | Plan |
| Net Sales | 206.50 | 220.13 | 1.4\% | 6.6\% | 219.00 |
| Cost of Sales | 84.94 | 90.82 | 0.6\% | 6.9\% | 90.60 |
|  <br> Administrative Expenses | 105.82 | 115.48 | 1.8\% | 9.1\% | 113.40 |
| Operating income | 15.73 | 13.83 | 2.4\% | -12.1\% | 15.00 |
| Non-operating income and Expenses | 1.14 | 0.71 | -21.1\% | -37.6\% | 0.70 |
| (Exchange rate-related gains and losses) | (0.06) | (0.54) | - | - | - |
| Ordinary income | 16.87 | 14.54 | 1.0\% | -13.8\% | 15.70 |
| Net income | 11.04 | 10.20 | 4.1\% | -7.5\% | 10.60 |

## 1-3. Profitability by segment

Net sales : Increased in five segments including Gourmet Food and Nurse-Related business.
Operating income: Increased in Kimono-Related, Property and four other segments.
It decreased in Apparel \& Furniture, Goods and four other segments.

- Operating income decreased in Apparel \& Furniture, Goods primarily due to a slowdown in the response rate of existing customers caused by the subsiding impact of the increase in COVID-19 infections.
- Both net sales and operating income increased in the Kimono-Related segment as a result of a decrease in the impact of temporary store closures, an increase in the average efficiency of receiving orders per store, and cost reduction measures.

Consolidated Net Sales and Operating Income by Segment
Unit: Billion Yen

|  | FY March 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Apparel \& } \\ \text { Furniture, } \\ \text { Goods } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cosmetics } \\ \text { \& Health } \\ \text { Food } \end{gathered}$ | Gourmet Food | NurseRelated | Database Use | KimonoRelated | Property | Other | Adjustments | Total |
| Net Sales | 98.25 | 16.05 | 30.12 | 16.01 | 15.28 | 24.02 | 17.30 | 4.02 | -0.90 | 220.13 |
| vs.Plan(\%) (revised on Jan. 31) | 0.4\% | 2.0\% | 1.1\% | 0.3\% | 0.8\% | 1.1\% | 7.7\% | -3.8\% | -33.7\% | 1.4\% |
| YoY Change(\%) | -1.4\% | -12.3\% | 10.9\% | 0.4\% | 7.7\% | 12.0\% | 147.7\% | -4.4\% | -32.2\% | 6.6\% |
| Operating Income | 2.09 | 1.83 | 2.27 | 1.02 | 5.69 | 0.59 | 0.87 | -0.10 | -0.44 | 13.83 |
| vs. Plan(billion yen) (revised on Jan. 31) | 0.37 | 0.06 | 0.08 | -0.17 | 0.13 | 0.05 | -0.21 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.33 |
| Yoy Change (billion yen) | -3.16 | -0.81 | 0.12 | -0.78 | 0.19 | 1.65 | 0.86 | 0.03 | -0.01 | -1.91 |
| Operating Income Ratio | 2.1\% | 11.4\% | 7.5\% | 6.4\% | 37.3\% | 2.5\% | 5.0\% | -2.5\% | 48.5\% | 6.3\% |

## 1-4. Analysis of increases and decreases in sales

BELLUNA
In the Property segment, sale of real estate and new hotels contributed to an increase in net sales. Net sales in the Gourmet segment rose thanks in part to strong sales of Osechi New Year dishes. Net sales grew in the Kimono-Related segment thanks to a decrease in the impact of temporary store closures and an increase in the average efficiency of receiving orders per store. Meanwhile, operating income fell in the Apparel \& Furniture, Goods segment as a result of prioritizing profit by reducing advertising expenses in the second half of the fiscal year. Net sales fell in the Cosmetics \& Health Food segment due to an increase in COVID-19 infections in Taiwan.

Factors for change in net sales
Unit: Billion Yen


### 1.5. Analysis of increases and decreases in operating income

In the Apparel \& Furniture, Goods segment, the media ratio, logistic expense ratio, and personnel expense ratio increased largely due to a slowdown in the responsiveness of existing customers despite the reduction of advertising expenses in the second half of the fiscal year. Meanwhile, operating income rose in the KimonoRelated segment as a result of a decrease in the impact of temporary store closures, an increase in the average efficiency of receiving orders per store, and reduced expenses.
Factors for change in operating income


## 1-6. Balance sheet

Among current assets, while cash and deposits, real estate for sale in process etc. decreased, merchandise and finished goods increased. Fixed assets increased mainly in Tangible fixed assets.
Meanwhile, interest-bearing liabilities increased despite a decrease in income taxes payable in liabilities.

Unit: Billion Yen

|  | As of March 31,2021 | As of March 31,2022 | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current Assets | 115.53 | 118.13 | 2.60 |
| Cash and deposits | 30.78 | 28.59 | -2.19 |
| Merchandise and finished goods | 22.01 | 26.67 | 4.66 |
| real estate for sale in process | 9.52 | 7.03 | -2.49 |
| Non-current assets | 124.68 | 136.05 | 11.37 |
| Tangible fixed assets | 92.56 | 103.34 | 10.78 |
| Investments and other assets | 21.21 | 22.42 | 1.21 |
| Total Assets | 240.21 | 254.18 | 13.97 |
| Liabilities | 126.98 | 135.13 | 8.15 |
| Notes and accounts payable-trade | 22.25 | 22.30 | 0.05 |
| Income taxes payable | 4.91 | 2.04 | -2.86 |
| Interest-bearing liabilities | 72.71 | 83.55 | 10.84 |
| Net assets | 113.23 | 119.04 | 5.81 |
| [Shareholders' Equity Ratio] | [46.9\%] | [46.5\%] | [-0.4P] |

## 1-7. Statement of cash flows

Cash flow from operating activities decreased year on year chiefly due to an increase in corporate income and resident taxes (amount paid).
cash flow from investing activities was negative due to the purchase of tangible fixed assets.
As long- and short-term loans payable icreased, cash decreased by 1.39 billion yen.

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY March } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ | FY March 2022 |  | Unit: Billion Yen |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Actual | YoY Change |  |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 20.77 | 7.15 | -13.62 |  |
| Profit before income taxes | 17.74 | 15.31 | -2.43 |  |
| Decrease (increase) in inventories | -1.09 | -4.16 | -3.06 |  |
| Corporate income and resident taxes (amount paid) | -3.40 | -7.83 | -4.43 |  |
| Cash flows from investing activities | -5.19 | -17.03 | -11.85 |  |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets | -7.83 | -15.80 | -7.97 |  |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 2.25 | 0.41 | -1.85 | Capital expenditure *1 |
| Purchase of shares of subsidiaries | 0.00 | -0.63 | -0.63 | 17.03 billion yen |
| Cash flows from financing activities | -7.00 | 8.65 | 15.65 | Depreciation *2 |
| Increase (decrease) in long and short-term loans payable | -5.09 | 10.60 | 15.69 | 3.66 billion yen |
| Cash dividends paid | -1.55 | -1.74 | -0.19 | 3.66 bilion yen |
| Translation differences on cash | 0.07 | -0.16 | -0.23 |  |
| Increase (decrease) in cash | 8.66 | -1.39 | -10.05 |  |

[^0]
## 1-8. Plan for FY March 2023

The fiscal year ending March 2023 is first year of the Fifth Business Plan. The Company is building the foundation of its business to prepare for the maturation of the general trading company in the mailorder business.

| Consolidated | FY March 2021 |  | FY March 2022 |  | FY March 2023 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Revised plan | Actual | Revised plan | Actual | Plan | YoY Change |
| Net Sales | 200.00 | 206.50 | 217.10 | 220.13 | 219.00 | -0.5\% |
| Operating Income | 14.00 | 15.73 | 13.50 | 13.83 | 15.00 | +8.5\% |
| Ordinary Income | 14.80 | 16.87 | 14.40 | 14.54 | 15.70 | +8.0\% |
| Net Income | 10.50 | 11.04 | 9.80 | 10.20 | 10.60 | +3.9\% |
| Interest Bearing Liabilities | 73.00~78.00 | 72.71 | 75.00~78.00 | 83.55 | 91.00~94.00 | +8.9~12.5\% |
| Net Assets | 110.00 | 113.23 | 123.96 | 119.04 | 125.10 | +5.1\% |
| ROE | 9.9\% | 10.3\% | 8.3\% | 8.8\% | 8.7\% | -0.1P |

## 1-8. Plan for FY March 2023 (by segment)

## Property Business and Kimono-Related Business and are expected to lead the growth of profit.

The business will focus on profit, taking into account the decrease in the impact of COVID-19.
Plan by segment
Unit: Billion Yen

|  | Plan for FY March 2023 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { General Mail } \\ & \text { Order } \end{aligned}$ | Cosmetics and Health Food | Gourmet Food | NurseRelated | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Database } \\ & \text { Use } \end{aligned}$ | KimonoRelated | Property | Other | Adjustments | Total |
| Net Sales | 90.07 | 15.16 | 32.79 | 15.74 | 15.62 | 25.23 | 20.23 | 4.67 | -0.50 | 219.00 |
| Yoy Change(\%) | -8.3\% | -5.6\% | +8.9\% | -1.7\% | +2.2\% | +5.1\% | +17.0\% | +16.1\% | -44.6\% | -0.5\% |
| Operaing Income | 1.60 | 1.35 | 2.26 | 1.22 | 5.75 | 1.27 | 2.01 | 0.12 | -0.58 | 15.00 |
| Yoy Change(billion yen) | -0.49 | -0.48 | -0.01 | 0.20 | 0.06 | 0.68 | 1.14 | 0.22 | -0.14 | 1.17 |
| Operating Income Ratio | 1.8\% | 8.9\% | 6.9\% | 7.7\% | 36.8\% | 5.0\% | 9.9\% | 2.7\% | - | 6.8\% |

## 2. Management Policies and Initiatives

1. Mail Order Business

1-(1)Apparel \& Furniture, Goods Business
1-(2)Cosmetics and Health Food Business
1-3)Gourmet Food Business
1-(4)Nurse-Related Business
1-(5)Database Use Business
2. Kimono-Related Business
3. Property Business
4. Returns to Shareholders
5. Share Price Trend
2. Management Policies ~The Fifth Business Plan

## Review of the Fifth Business Plan

## (FY March 2023~FY March 2025)

Final target
■ Net sales

### 261.0 Billion Yen

(Average annual growth rate:9.2\%)
■ Operating income 22.6 Billion Yen
(Average annual growth rate:22.8\%)
■ ROE
$10 \%$ or more

## Medium- to long-term policy

Set milestone goals of achieving net sales of 300 billion yen and operating income of 30 billion yen and aim to achieve the maturation of the general trading company in the mail-order business.

## 2. Management Policy-Business Environment

## The business plan considers the changes in the external environment (changes in the environment related to consumption and the growth of internet sales).

## External environment

- Ongoing deflationary mindset
- Decrease in demand from people refraining from leaving home
- Growth of internet business
- Diversification of consumption
- Steep rise in the prices of raw materials and other resources


## Internal environment

- Management considering changing trends
- Maturity of organizational structure
- Development of new businesses
- Enhancing product value

2. Management Policy - Business Environment (ranking of mail order business companies)


Ranking of mail order and correspondence education sales dated January 6, 2022, published by Tsuhan Shimbun 16

## 2. Segments

## The current 8 segments will be reorganized into 4 segments in reports

Current segments

1. General Mail Order Business
2. Cosmetics and Health Food Business
3. Gourmet Food Business
(including Wine and Sake)
4. Nurse-Related Business
5. Database Use Business
6. Kimono-Related Business
7. Property Business
8. Others

All mail-order businesses will be combined into one segment to simplify the structure.

## 2. Management Policies The Fifth Business Plan

The Fifth Business Plan (FY March 2023~FY March 2025)

|  | FY March 2023 |  | FY March 2024 |  | FY March 2025 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net Sales | Operating income | Net Sales | Operating income | Net Sales | Operating income |
| Mail Order Business | 169.37 | 12.18 | 185.74 | 14.52 | 202.07 | 17.04 |
| Apparel \& Furniture, Goods Business | 90.07 | 1.60 | 98.21 | 3.31 | 104.80 | 4.88 |
| Cosmetics and Health Food Business | 15.16 | 1.35 | 16.86 | 1.53 | 18.62 | 1.67 |
| Gourmet Food Business | 32.79 | 2.26 | 36.90 | 2.52 | 41.33 | 2.86 |
| NurseRelated Business | 15.74 | 1.22 | 16.61 | 1.34 | 17.70 | 1.52 |
| Database Use Business | 15.62 | 5.75 | 17.15 | 5.81 | 19.61 | 6.12 |
| Kimono-Related Business | 25.23 | 1.27 | 27.67 | 1.73 | 31.09 | 2.11 |
| Property Business | 20.23 | 2.01 | 20.46 | 2.60 | 21.98 | 3.10 |
| Other Business | 4.67 | 0.12 | 5.48 | 0.28 | 6.47 | 0.39 |
| Adjustments | -0.50 | -0.58 | -0.35 | -0.13 | -0.60 | -0.04 |
| Total | 219.00 | 15.00 | 239.00 | 19.00 | 261.00 | 22.60 |

Increasing product appeal will be a focus for achieving the targets in the plan.
2. Management Policies ~The Fifth Business Plan

## Fifth Business Plan Concept

1. Achievement of targets in each segment
2. Development of internet business including the use of social media services
3. Management responding to trends
4. Training and development of human resources with practical skills
5. Implementation of $M \& A$ activities to achieve synergy

## 2-1. Mail Order Business

1. Results for $\mathrm{FY} 22 / 3$ and Plan for $\mathrm{FY} 23 / 3$

Unit: Billion Yen

|  | FY March 2022 (Actual) | FY March 2023 (Plan) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Net Sales | Operating <br> Income | Net Sales | Operating <br> Income |
| Apparel \& Furniture, <br> Goods Business | 98.25 | 2.09 | 90.07 | 1.60 |
| Cosmetics \& Health <br> Food Business | 16.05 | 1.83 | 15.16 | 1.35 |
| Gourmet Food <br> Business | 30.12 | 2.27 | 32.79 | 2.26 |
| NurseRelated <br> Business | 16.01 | 1.02 | 15.74 | 1.22 |
| Database Use <br> Business | 15.28 | 5.69 | 15.62 | 5.75 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 7 5 . 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 9 . 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 1 8}$ |

- Mail Order Business is expected to be temporarily stagnant when the impact of COVID-19 begins to decrease. The Company will continue to develop a new winning pattern and the foundation for re-growth based on the current trends.


## 2-1. Mail Order Business

## Profit and loss trends and factors for financial results

Operating income declined in the previous fiscal year partly due to a slowdown in the responsiveness of existing customers despite the control of advertising expenses started in the second half of the fiscal year.

- Net Sales (Billion Yen)
- Operating income (Billion Yen)


| Factors in financial results | 17/3 | 18/3 | 19/3 | 20/3 | 21/3 | 22/3 | 23/3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positive factors | - Improvement in ratio of logistics expenses -the reinforcement of the online business | -the reinforcement of the online business | -the reinforcement of the online business | -the reinforcement of the online business | $\cdot$ Improvement of the use of TV <br> - demand from nest dweller |  | -Strengthening branding -the reinforcement of the online business |
| Negative factors |  | - Increase in unit transportation cost | - Increase in the cost of mailing catalogs - Increase in unit transportation cost | - Increase in the cost <br> of paper <br> - Increase in unit transportation cost |  | - Decrease in demand from people refraining from leaving home | - Increase in the cost of goods sold and materials |

## 2-1. Mail order Business

## Number of active customers

The customer bases have been maintained or grown despite a slowdown in customer responsiveness amid the declining impact of COVID-19. unit : people


## 2-1. Mail order Business

## Value per order received

Value per order declined from a flat trend due to the acquisition of new customers and preferences for low-priced items. The Company will improve branding, and value per order received is expected to increase in the current fiscal year.
unit : Yen



## 2-1. Mail order Business

## The ratio of online sales

Remained unchanged in the fiscal year ended March 2022 partly due to a reactionary fall from the fiscal year ended March 2021, but it is expected to continue growing from now on.


## 2-1-(1). Apparel \& Furniture, Goods

1. Results for FY22/3 and Plan for FY23/3

| Business breakdown | FY March 2022(Actual) |  | FY March 2023(plan) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net Sales | Operating income | Net Sales | Operating income |
| Apparel \& Furniture, Goods <br> - Rolled out products mainly targeted to madams through catalogs and the Internet. <br> -For the young group, we started selling products at shopping malls in 2018. <br> -We started selling men's and hard products on mail order. | 84.41 | 2.15 | 76.20 | 1.31 |
| Min•ICnet • Maruchou• Select <br> (Internet-specialized mail order) <br> - Min : Big-sized apparel mail order <br> -ICnet : Brand mail order <br> - Maruchou : General goods mailorder <br> - Select: women's apparel mail order sale | 8.58 | 0.37 | 9.39 | 0.38 |
| Apparel stores <br> - Rolled out Belluna brand nationwide (March 202284 stores) | 5.38 | -0.39 | 5.78 | -0.05 |
| Total | 98.25 | 2.09 | 90.07 | 1.60 |

- Operating income decreased primarily due to a slowdown in the response rate of existing customers due to the subsiding impact of an increase in COVID-19 infections. The Company will develop a foundation for re-growth during the current fiscal year.


## Current situation and Initiatives of FY March 2023

- Improvement of men's fashion
- Improvement of home appliances
- Launch of products in the middle price range


Washable linen-mixed tailored cardigan
$¥ 6,589$ (tax included)


Heat and Cool warm and cool air fan
$¥ 18,590$ (tax included)


WG multiple knitted fabric pullover made in Japan
$¥ 6,900$ (tax included)

## 2-1-(1). Apparel \& Furniture, Goods

## Current situation and Initiatives of FY March 2023

Facilitating the branding


Pursuit of originality in the brand worldview

## 2-1-(2). Cosmetics \& Health food Business

1. Results for FY22/3 and Plan for FY23/3

|  | FY March 2022(Actual) |  | FY March 2023(plan) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net Sales | Operating income | Net Sales | Operating income |
| Cosmetics Business (Ozio. <br> Nachu life brand) <br> - cosmetics mail-order business <br> - Develop cross-border EC in Asia <br> - The Internet and overseas are growth drivers | 12.91 | 1.41 | 11.87 | 1.10 |
| Health Food Business <br> -Rolled out health food in Refre brand -Gussurizm received the gold prize from the Monde Selection for four consecutive years. | 3.46 | 0.39 | 3.29 | 0.25 |
| Total | 16.05 | 1.83 | 15.16 | 1.35 |

- Net sales fell due to slowing growth in Taiwan caused by an increase in COVID-19 infections and an increase in advertising expenses in Japan due to the launch of TV ads.
- Focus will shift in the current fiscal year to the development of a new winning pattern through sales promotion.


## 2-1-(2). Cosmetics \& Health food Business

## Current situation and Initiatives of FY March 2023



TV ad started in October 2021.

Branding strategy for merchandise brands will be focused in response to the online advertising regulations.

## 2-1-(3). Gourmet Food Business(including Wine and Sake)

1. Results for FY22/3 and Plan for FY23/3

|  | FY March 2022(Actual) |  | FY March 2023(plan) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net sales | Operating income | Net sales | Operating income |
| Wine mail order Business (My Wine Club - ranked No. 1 in sales of mail order of wine for 13 consecutive years ) | 9.39 | 0.97 | 10.00 | 0.90 |
| Sake mail order Business (Belluna Gourmet - ranked No. 1 in sales of mail order of sake for 5 consecutive years) | 4.80 | 0.39 | 5.50 | 0.40 |
| Gourmet Food Business <br> - Released mail orders for foods such as boxed lunches, year-end gifts, and osechi (foods prepared for New Year's holidays). The total no. of Belluna gourmet/ Osechi yui sold topped 670,000 units. | 15.73 | 0.91 | 17.29 | 0.96 |
| Total | 30.12 | 2.27 | 32.79 | 2.26 |

- Sales in both the wine mail order business and the gourmet food business remained strong. The sales growth trend is expected to continue in the current fiscal year as as the Company responds to an increase in the cost of goods and materials.


## 2-1-(3). Gourmet Food Business(including Wine and Sake)

Current situation and Initiatives of FY March 2023「Ranked No. 1 in sales of mail order of wine for

13 consecutive years」
Best-selling products sold in a set


Unit sales of wines and forecast for current fiscal year

| fiscal year | Number of <br> units sold |
| :--- | :--- |
| FY March 2018 | 4.0 million units |
| FY March 2019 | 5.1 million units |
| FY March 2020 | 6.8 million units |
| FY March 2021 | 11 million units |
| FY March 2022 | 11.2 million units |
| FY March 2023(Plan) | 12.2 million units |

- Continued sales growth is based on the efficient acquisition of new customers and a high ratio of repeat customers.
- Develop new hit products and continue to expand


## 2-1-3. Gourmet Food Business(including Wine and Sake)

## Current situation and Initiatives of FY March 2023

## 「ranked No. 1 in sales of mail order of sake for

 5 consecutive years」The unit sales of Japanese Sake exceeded 2.8 million in FY March 2022.

No. 1 Product Koshino Gozo Daiqinjo


No. 2 Product Juzo Daiginjo


Unit sales of Japanese Sake and forecast for current fiscal year

| fiscal year | Number of <br> units sold $^{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| FY March 2018 | 1.1 million units |
| FY March 2019 | 1.2 million units |
| FY March 2020 | 1.3 million units |
| FY March 2021 | 2.1 million units |
| FY March 2022 | 2.8 million units |
| FY March 2023(Plan) | 3.0 million units |

No. 3 Product
Koshino Gozo Junmai Daiginjo


Increase product lines and develop new products with the goal of being No. 1 in mail order sales of sake for 6 consecutive years.

## 2-1-(3). Gourmet Food Business(including Wine and Sake)



Osechi, "Yui," the No. 1 Product in FY March 2022, is expected to sell 155,000 units (up 39\% year on year).

## 2-1-(4). Nurse-Related Business

1. Results for FY22/3 and Plan for FY23/3

|  | FY March 2022(Acutal) | FY March 2023(plan) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Net sales | Operating <br> income | Net sales | Operating <br> income |
| Nursery <br> (Mail order for nurses, No. 2 in <br> the industry) | 5.94 | 0.28 | 5.62 | 0.40 |
| infirmière <br> (Mail order for nurses, No. 1 in <br> the industry) | 8.13 | 0.71 | 8.00 | 0.74 |
| Nurse Career Next <br> (Personnel placement business <br> for nurses | 0.17 | -0.10 | 0.29 | 0.02 |
| JOB STUDIO <br> (Personnel placement business <br> in Singapore) | 1.77 | 0.16 | 1.82 | 0.15 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 6 . 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 . 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 2 2}$ |

[^1]
## 2-1-(4). Nurse-Related Business

## Current situation and Initiatives of FY March 2022

## No. 1 in domestic mail-order sales to nurses

*The 2020 data provided by Tokyo Shoko Research, Ltd.

## Future initiatives

## - Expansion of the BtoB businesses

Develop and strengthen BtoB businesses
 for hospitals and clinics using both online and offline channels. Aim to meet demand from companies.

- Advance into new categories Advance into industries related to medical services such as caregiving, dentistry and beauty treatment clinics using the strengths of an SPA company.



## 2-1-(5). Database Use Business

1. Results for FY22/3 and Plan for FY23/3

|  | FY March 2022(Actual) | FY March 2023(Plan) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Net sales | Operating <br> income | Net sales | Operating <br> income |
| Finance <br> (Consumer finance business for <br> members ) | 4.55 | 2.02 | 4.83 | 2.13 |
| Belluna Direct <br> (Enclosure/combined shipping <br> business) | 3.74 | 2.72 | 3.61 | 2.62 |
| Belluna Business Solution <br> (Contracted call center/logistics | 7.03 | 0.81 | 7.30 | 0.82 |
| business ) |  |  |  |  |
| BGL <br> (Consolidated in FY Mar. 2022 Third- <br> party logistics) | $\mathbf{2 . 1 8}$ | 0.14 | $\mathbf{2 . 8 4}$ | 1.81 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 5 . 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 . 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 7 5}$ |

Finance: Efficiency of new acquisitions decreased in the previous business year due to COVID-19.
Belluna Direct: In the previous fiscal year, steady growth in both sales and income was achieved because of an increase in mail order customers.

BellunaBusiness Solution: Mail order service agent using the Company's own infrastructure. Acquisition of new business partners is steadily progressing.

BGL: Operates a 3PL (logistics agent) business. Consolidated in July 2021.

## 2-1-(5). Database Use Business

## Belluna Business Solution

(Contracted call center/logistics center business)
Rolled out mail order services mainly for health food and beauty-related goods that are repeated mail order items.

Maintains a high customer retention rate.

## Customer Retention rate

## 79\% (FY March 2022)

- Call center achieves a high response rate and customer retention by specializing in the mail order business.
- Logistics center also provides services using economies of scale of the Group
-Knowhow and consulting capabilities that can propose a flexible change in the package according to a customer's growth stage.


## 2-2. Kimono-Related Business

1. Results for FY22/3 and Plan for FY23/3

|  | FY March 2022(Actual) |  | FY March 2023(plan) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net sales | Operating income | Net sales | Operating income |
| BANKAN Wamonoya <br> (Kimono sales business started in 2007, when the Company was founded) | 10.39 | 0.88 | 11.22 | 1.00 |
| Sagami Group Holdings (Acquired in 2018, medium priced kimono sales business) | 8.08 | -0.26 | 7.81 | 0.06 |
| Tokyo masuiwaya (Acquired at the same time as Sagami, a highly-priced kimono sales business) | 3.33 | -0.16 | 3.49 | 0.04 |
| Maimu <br> (Acquired in 2016,Rental hakama traditional graduation attire for students) ) | 2.43 | 0.19 | 2.92 | 0.24 |
| Total | 24.02 | 0.59 | 25.23 | 1.27 |

- Both net sales and operating income increased in the previous fiscal period as a result of a decrease in the impact of temporary store closures, an increase in the average efficiency of receiving orders per store and cost reduction measures.
- The goal is for Sagami and Tokyo Masuiwaya to be profitable in the current fiscal year.


## 2-2. Kimono-Related Business

## Profit and loss trends

BANKAN maintained growth despite the COVID-19 pandemic. Sagami GHD is making itself a leaner business.

$-1.63$

|  | $19 / 3$ | $20 / 3$ | $21 / 3$ | $22 / 3$ | $23 / 3$ (plan) |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number <br> of stores | 84 | 89 | 91 | 95 | 98 |


| $19 / 3$ | $20 / 3$ | $21 / 3$ | $22 / 3$ | $23 / 3$ (plan) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number <br> of stores | 160 | 158 | 141 | 117 | 120 |

## 2-2. Kimono-Related Business

## Profit model targeted by Sagami GHD Former Sagami GHD model <br> Stores with active sales

|  | Evaluation | Sagami GHD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measures for <br> acquiring <br> new <br> customers | $\triangle$ |  |
| Repeat rate | $\bigcirc$ | Loyalty of existing <br> customers |
| Expense ratio | $\triangle$ | Holding large <br> events |
| Rate of <br> return per <br> store | $\triangle$ | $2 \sim 3 \%$ |


|  | Evaluation |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measures <br> for <br> acquiring <br> new <br> customers | $\bigcirc$ | Enhancement of <br> merchandise offered |
| Repeat rate | $\bigcirc$ | Events for wearing <br> kimono <br> Kimono-wearing <br> lessons, etc. |
| Expense <br> ratio | $\bigcirc$ | In-store events |
| Rate of <br> return per <br> store | $\bigcirc$ | $10 \%$ |

## 2-2. Kimono-Related Business

## Progress in measures to support Sagami GHD

- Change from sales at large events to in-store sales
- Education that enables in-store sales
- Scraping of unprofitable stores
- Cost reduction
$\rightarrow$ Structural reforms end in FY March 2022 with the goal of being profitable from FY March 2023.
Kimono-Related Business aims to achieve sales of 31.3 billion yen and profit of 2.1 billion yen during the Fifth Business Plan (ending in FY March 2025).


## 2-3. Property Business

1. Results for FY22/3 and Plan for FY23/3

|  | FY March 2022(Actual) | FY March 2023(plan) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Net sales | Operating <br> income | Net sales | Operating <br> income |
| Income gain <br> Rental revenue from properties <br> (including office buildings and stores, $)$ | 3.07 | 0.76 | 3.07 | 1.19 |
| Gapital gain <br> Property development and sales <br> business | 6.51 | 2.07 | 3.57 | 1.00 |
| Hotel Business <br> Operate 10 hotels in Japan, 3 hotels <br> overseas | 7.72 | -2.31 | 13.61 | -0.52 |
| Solar power generation facilities <br> solar power generation facilities held <br> include 3 properties | 1.00 | 0.30 | 1.00 | 0.30 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 7 . 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{0 . 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 . 0 1}$ |

- While the impact of COVID-19 started to subside in the previous fiscal year and the negative impact decreased year on year, the hotel business incurred a deficit due to the advance payment of expenses for the opening of a new hotel.
- The Property Business expects sales and income to grow during the current fiscal year through an increase in the number of customers of the hotel business.


## 2-3. Property Business (Income gain)

## <Income gain>

Real estate held for rent include 27 properties consisting largely of offices in central Tokyo. Each property is maintaining a stable occupancy rate and yield.
 operated: 27

NOI yield 5.6\%

## 2-3. Property Business (Income gain)

## Future Plan

Development of a large building complex is under way in Ginza 7 Chome.

Significant profit growth is expected from FY March 2024.


| Total area <br> (sq. meters) | $10,794.00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of floors | 3 floors below ground <br> 10 floors above ground |
| Structure | Steel structure, steel <br> reinforced concrete <br> structure |
| Type of Property | Hotels, restaurants, <br> retailers, etc. |

Total investment:25.0 Billion Yen Assumed yield: more than 5.9\%

## 2-3. Property Business (Hotel business)

## <Hotel>

- The Property Business expects sales and income to grow in the current fiscal year due to an increase in the number of customers.
< Hotel assets >


Hotels held 7 Hotels
Leasing 6 Hotels
Total Operate 13 Hotels (as of March 2022)
< Changes in Sales >

| 16.00 | 13.61 |
| :--- | :--- |



## 2-3. Property Business (Hotel business)

## Trends in occupancy rate and ADR

While ADR will likely decrease due to an increase in the sales composition ratio of domestic hotels, sales are expected to grow through a significant increase in the occupancy rate.
※ADR $\cdots$ room charge + food sales


## 2-3. Property Business (Hotel business)

Hotels opened previously and scheduled to open
<Hotels opened and scheduled to open>

| Ref | Area | Facility name | Number of Guest Rooms | 14/3 | 15/3 | 16/3 | 17/3 | 18/3 | 19/3 | 20/3 | 21/3 | 22/3 | 23/3 | Assumed sales* <br> (Billion Yen) | Start of operations | Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Okinawa | Hotel Hamahigashima Resort | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\rightarrow$ | 0.2 | May 2013 | Owned |
| 2 | fukushima | Urabandai Lake Resort | 324 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\rightarrow$ | 2.5 | October 2015 | lease |
| 3 | Nagano | Le Grand Kyu Karuizawa Hotel | 43 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.5 | July 2016 | Owned |
| 4 | Kyoto | Kyoto Granbell Hotel | 105 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.6 | July 2017 | lease |
| 5 | Nagano | Le Grand Karuizawa Hotel \& Resort | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.8 | July 2018 | lease |
| 6 | Sri Lanka | Le Grand Galle Hotel | 48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.5 | July 2018 | Owned |
| 7 | Maldives | The Westin Maldives Miriandhoo Resort | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.5 | October 2018 | Owned |
| 8 | Hawaii | EWA Hotel | 92 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.6 | April 2019 | Owned |
| 9 | Osaka | Umeda Holic Hotel | 117 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.5 | April 2021 | lease |
| 10 | Osaka | Osaka Granbell Hotel | 191 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.0 | April 2021 | lease |
| 11 | Hokkaido | Sapporo Granbell Hotel | 218 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.1 | April 2021 | Owned |
| 12 | Hokkaido | Jozankei View Hotal | 647 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\rightarrow$ | 4.8 | August 2021 | Owned |
| 13 | Hokkaido | Susukino Granbell Hotel | 300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 1.5 | September 2021 | lease |
| 14 | Sri Lanka | Granbell Hotel Colombo | 292 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ | 1.7 | April 2022 | Owned |
| 15 | Ginza | Ginza Hotel | 102 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.8 | March 2024 (forecast) | Owned |
| 16 | Hokkaido | Sapporo Granbell Hotel Premiere | 606 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.9 | April 2025 (forecast) | Owned |
|  |  | Total | 3,242 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25.5 |  |  |

*Sales forecast includes the recovery of inbound tourism after COVID-19 subsides.
Net sales of more than 25.0 billion yen and operating income of more than 5.0 billion yen are expected when inbound tourism recovers and business is on track for growth after COVID-19 subsides.

## 2-4. Returns to shareholders

Dividend of 20 yen per share to be paid. Dividends have been increasing for four consecutive years.
<Annual dividends

|  | FY March <br> 2019 | FY March <br> 2020 | FY March <br> 2021 | FY March <br> 2022 | FY March <br> 2023(Plan) |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| EPS(yen) | 106.39 | 60.62 | 114.17 | 105.55 | 109.64 |
| Dividend(yen) | 15.0 | 16.0 | 16.5 | 19.0 | 20.0 |

<Shareholder incentive program>

| [Details] | 100 shares or more | 500 shares or more | 1,000 shares or more |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Complimentary ticket for the general mail <br> order business, complimentary coupons <br> that can be used at Belluna online stores, <br> or gift of assortment of gourmet food/wine <br> Products | For the value of <br> 1,000 yen | For the value of <br> 3,000 yen | For the value of <br> 5,000 yen |
| Lomplimentary ticket for Urabandai <br> Lake Resort | One pc | Two pcs | Four pcs |
| Complimentary ticket for Le Grand <br> Kyu Karuizawa |  |  |  |
| [Eligible shareholders] <br> Shareholders who own at least 100 shares of the Company at the end of <br> March and September (Twice a year) <br> $*$ Complimentary ticket for Le Grand Kyu Karuizawa is only provided once a year (issued in early December). |  |  |  |

## 2-4. Trend in Stock Price (2001 through April 2022)



|  | FY March 2023 |  | FY March 2024 |  | FY March 2025 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net sales | Operating income | Net sales | Operating income | Net sales | Operating income |
| Mail Order Business | 169.37 | 12.18 | 185.74 | 14.52 | 202.07 | 17.04 |
| Kimono-Related Business | 25.23 | 1.27 | 27.67 | 1.73 | 31.09 | 2.11 |
| Property Business | 20.23 | 2.01 | 20.46 | 2.60 | 21.98 | 3.10 |
| Other Business | 4.67 | 0.12 | 5.48 | 0.28 | 6.47 | 0.39 |
| Adjustments | -0.50 | -0.58 | -0.35 | -0.13 | -0.60 | -0.04 |
| Total | 219.00 | 15.00 | 239.00 | 19.00 | 261.00 | 22.60 |

(FY March 2000 through for FY March 2022)
<Trends in PER and operating income since the stock was first listed>
■unit : Billion Yen

BELLUNA

<Trends in financial results, PER, and PBR>

|  | 00/3 | 01/3 | 02/3 | 03/3 | 04/3 | 05/3 | 06/3 | 07/3 | 08/3 | 09/3 | 10/3 | 11/3 | 12/3 | 13/3 | 14/3 | 15/3 | 16/3 | 17/3 | 18/3 | 19/3 | 20/3 | 21/3 | 22/3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | 61.4 | 77.2 | 90.0 | 105.1 | 109.6 | 115.1 | 121.9 | 129.9 | 125.2 | 109.9 | 100.1 | 103.5 | 110.3 | 117.9 | 125.4 | 120.7 | 131.7 | 146.1 | 161.7 | 177.6 | 179.9 | 206.5 | 220.1 |
| Operating income | 6.2 | 7.6 | 9.2 | 10.7 | 10.2 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 10.2 | 1.2 | 4.3 | 6.7 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 8.4 | 10.9 | 13.0 | 12.0 | 10.3 | 15.7 | 13.8 |
| Net assets | 25.6 | 28.3 | 32.9 | 37.3 | 42.7 | 48.9 | 57.2 | 64.7 | 64.3 | 53.8 | 54.2 | 57.5 | 60.8 | 66.6 | 73.5 | 79.5 | 80.6 | 87.8 | 93.1 | 100.5 | 102.5 | 113.2 | 119.0 |
| PER | 15.22 | 13.60 | 17.84 | 13.14 | 13.45 | 14.37 | 20.11 | 12.73 | 7.65 | -4.36 | 11.23 | 10.71 | 9.05 | 10.64 | 8.92 | 8.17 | 8.23 | 11.57 | 13.93 | 7.94 | 6.64 | 11.95 | 6.88 |
| PBR | 1.9 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 |

## 2-4. Trends in PBR and Net Assets

(FY March 2000 through for FY March 2022)
<Trends in PBR and net assets since the stock was first listed>

> ■unit : Billion Yen

BELLUNA

<Trends in financial results, PER, and PBR>

|  | 00/3 | 01/3 | 02/3 | 03/3 | 04/3 | 05/3 | 06/3 | 07/3 | 08/3 | 09/3 | 10/3 | 11/3 | 12/3 | 13/3 | 14/3 | 15/3 | 16/3 | 17/3 | 18/3 | 19/3 | 20/3 | 21/3 | 22/3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | 61.4 | 77.2 | 90.0 | 105.1 | 109.6 | 115.1 | 121.9 | 129.9 | 125.2 | 109.9 | 100.1 | 103.5 | 110.3 | 117.9 | 125.4 | 120.7 | 131.7 | 146.1 | 161.7 | 177.6 | 179.9 | 206.5 | 220.1 |
| Operating income | 6.2 | 7.6 | 9.2 | 10.7 | 10.2 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 12.1 | 10.2 | 1.2 | 4.3 | 6.7 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 6.4 | 8.4 | 10.9 | 13.0 | 12.0 | 10.3 | 15.7 | 13.8 |
| Net assets | 25.6 | 28.3 | 32.9 | 37.3 | 42.7 | 48.9 | 57.2 | 64.7 | 64.3 | 53.8 | 54.2 | 57.5 | 60.8 | 66.6 | 73.5 | 79.5 | 80.6 | 87.8 | 93.1 | 100.5 | 102.5 | 113.2 | 119.0 |
| PER | 15.22 | 13.60 | 17.84 | 13.14 | 13.45 | 14.37 | 20.11 | 12.73 | 7.65 | -4.36 | 11.23 | 10.71 | 9.05 | 10.64 | 8.92 | 8.17 | 8.23 | 11.57 | 13.93 | 7.94 | 6.64 | 11.95 | 6.88 |
| PBR | 1.9 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 0.6 |

A business foundation that is capable of
supporting the achievement of 20.0 billion
yen in operating income has been built.
The rest is a matter of time.
We are determined to maintain growth and profitability and achieve the goal.

## Note

## <Important notice>

This material is prepared for the purpose of publicly disclosing information concerning the financial results of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022. Nothing in this document shall be considered to be an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy securities issued by the Company. It is prepared based on the data available as of May 27, 2022. The opinions and forecasts described in this document reflect the judgments of the Company at the time this document was prepared. The Company neither warrants nor promises the accuracy or completeness of this information. It may be subject to change without prior notice going forward.

## <Inquiries for IR matters>

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[^0]:    *1: Capital expenditure includes the amount of investment in intangible fixed assets, such as software and leased assets.
    *2: Depreciation and amortization include the amount relating to the amortization of intangible assets.

[^1]:    - Sales of medical items and consumables such as face masks and pulse oximeters which enjoyed special demand in the previous year decreased despite active advertising such as TV ads.
    - Focus will shift to profit in the current fiscal year.

